THE TEXAS AIRPORT SYSTEM
The Texas airport system with 289 airports is one of the largest airport systems in the country. It consists of 25 commercial service airports and 264 general aviation airports. These airports play an important role in the Texas economy by providing well-paying jobs, stimulating growth, and serving as critical components in a transportation network that permits the movement of people and goods across the state, throughout the country, and around the world. These airports are responsible for billions of dollars of economic activity, and support a wide assortment of businesses and activities. The state’s commercial service airports serve as hubs for United Airlines, American Airlines, Southwest Airlines, FedEx and UPS Airlines. The general aviation airports are host to a variety of businesses. Aerial applicators, such as M&M Air Service, help crops thrive. Air ambulance services, like PHI Air Medical and CareFlight, are based at general aviation airports throughout Texas in order to provide life-saving emergency flights where needed. Aircraft manufacturing takes place at Kerrville Municipal Airport in the Mooney factory. These airports support firefighting and disaster relief efforts. Aviation schools found on general aviation airports feature training for aircraft mechanics, fixed-wing pilots, helicopter pilots, skydivers, and even drone pilots. Military aircrews make use of many general aviation airports for training purposes. Finally, more than a dozen Texas general aviation airports host aviation museums and other nonprofit aerospace organizations that educate and promote the history of aviation.

Thanks to these businesses and organizations, and the millions of visitors that pass through Texas airports each year, the state’s economy thrives and grows.

STUDY PROCESS
This study was undertaken by the Texas Department of Transportation’s Aviation Division to improve their strategic planning and funding decisions. Knowledge of each airport’s economic impacts helps the Aviation Division allocate its resources in its efforts to develop and maintain the airport system as a world-class system capable of attracting businesses and visitors to Texas. This, in turn, aids the Aviation Division in supporting infrastructure development projects intended to promote economic growth around the state.

Through an extensive data gathering effort, information from each Texas system airport was compiled and validated. This data served as the input for a linear economic input-output model that expressed each airport’s economic impacts in terms of employment, payroll, and output. Each airport was analyzed for its on-airport, construction, and visitor-related impacts. Multiplier impacts were calculated to show how direct airport activity creates additional benefits. The process followed Federal Aviation Administration guidelines and has been used in previous Texas airport economic impact studies. Additionally, certain qualitative benefits were identified for the system airports.

STATEWIDE BENEFITS FROM AVIATION
The total impacts of Texas system airports amount to 778,955 jobs that received $30.1 billion in wages and benefits. These workers generated $94.3 billion in economic output. On top of this, the Texas airport system provides countless benefits that improve the health, safety, welfare, and quality of life for the people of Texas.

Furthermore, more than 17 million visitors passed through the state’s commercial service airports, with another 1.5 million visitors making use of the Lone Star State’s general aviation services.

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**BASIC INFORMATION:**
The Easterwood Field is a public-use, commercial service facility that serves the region's air transportation needs. The airport maintains three runways, 16/34, 10/28, and 4/22. Runway 16/34 is 7,000 feet, equipped with high intensity runway lights and Runway 10/28, 5,158 feet, is equipped with medium intensity runway lights. Runway 4/22 is 5,150 feet and offers no lighting equipment. Runways 16/34 and 10/28 are provided with full length parallel taxiways, while Runway 4/22 features a partial parallel taxiway. Operations are supported by ILS, VOR, and RNAV(GPS) approaches. Other services include avgas and jet fuel, and aircraft storage in corporate and T-hangars. Easterwood Field is included in the National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems, making it eligible for federal Airport Improvement Program grants.

**QUALITATIVE BENEFITS:**
Envoy Air, a subsidiary of American Airlines, flies Embraer ERJ-140 and Canadair CRJ700 regional jet aircraft from Easterwood Field to Dallas-Fort Worth International four times per day. This air service enplaned more than 72,000 passengers in 2017.

In addition to airlines service, Easterwood Field is home to numerous on-airport businesses which offer services such as cargo transport, FBO amenities, and rental cars. The airport hosts several events throughout the year which attract over 700 attendees, including a spring open house for the Chamber of Commerce, vintage aircraft flights during the summer, Boy Scout functions, school field trips, and mutual aid response and training. The airport also attracts numerous charters for the Texas A&M University athletic department during the various sports seasons.

**IMPACT MEASURES**

**Employment** measures the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) jobs related to airport activity including visitor-supported and on-airport construction jobs. A part-time employee counts as half of a full-time employee.

**Payroll** measures the total annual salary, wages, and benefits paid to all workers whose livelihoods are directly attributable to airport activity.

**Output** measures the value of goods and services related to airports in Texas. The output of on-airport businesses is typically assumed to be the sum of annual gross sales and average annual capital expenditures.