**THE TEXAS AIRPORT SYSTEM**

The Texas airport system with 289 airports is one of the largest airport systems in the country. It consists of 25 commercial service airports and 264 general aviation airports. These airports play an important role in the Texas economy by providing well-paying jobs, stimulating growth, and serving as critical components in a transportation network that permits the movement of people and goods across the state, throughout the country, and around the world. These airports are responsible for billions of dollars of economic activity, and support a wide assortment of businesses and activities. The state’s commercial service airports serve as hubs for United Airlines, American Airlines, Southwest Airlines, FedEx and UPS Airlines. The general aviation airports are host to a variety of businesses. Aerial applicators, such as M&M Air Service, help crops thrive. Air ambulance services, like PHI Air Medical and CareFlight, are based at general aviation airports throughout Texas in order to provide life-saving emergency flights where needed. Aircraft manufacturing takes place at Kerrville Municipal Airport in the Mooney factory. These airports support firefighting and disaster relief efforts. Aviation schools found on general aviation airports feature training for aircraft mechanics, fixed-wing pilots, helicopter pilots, skydivers, and even drone pilots. Military aircrews make use of many general aviation airports for training purposes. Finally, more than a dozen Texas general aviation airports host aviation museums and other nonprofit aerospace organizations that educate and promote the history of aviation.

Thanks to these businesses and organizations, and the millions of visitors that pass through Texas airports each year, the state’s economy thrives and grows.

**STATEWIDE BENEFITS FROM AVIATION**

The total impacts of Texas system airports amount to 778,955 jobs that received $30.1 billion in wages and benefits. These workers generated $94.3 billion in economic output. On top of this, the Texas airport system provides countless benefits that improve the health, safety, welfare, and quality of life for the people of Texas.

Furthermore, more than 17 million visitors passed through the state’s commercial service airports, with another 1.5 million visitors making use of the Lone Star State’s general aviation services.

**STUDY PROCESS**

This study was undertaken by the Texas Department of Transportation’s Aviation Division to improve their strategic planning and funding decisions. Knowledge of each airport’s economic impacts helps the Aviation Division allocate its resources in its efforts to develop and maintain the airport system as a world-class system capable of attracting businesses and visitors to Texas. This, in turn, aids the Aviation Division in supporting infrastructure development projects intended to promote economic growth around the state.

Through an extensive data gathering effort, information from each Texas system airport was compiled and validated. This data served as the input for a linear economic input-output model that expressed each airport’s economic impacts in terms of employment, payroll, and output. Each airport was analyzed for its on-airport, construction, and visitor-related impacts. Multiplier impacts were calculated to show how direct airport activity creates additional benefits. The process followed Federal Aviation Administration guidelines and has been used in previous Texas airport economic impact studies. Additionally, certain qualitative benefits were identified for the system airports.
**Basic Information:**
The Terrell Municipal Airport is a public-use, general aviation airport that serves the region's air transportation needs. Major facilities at the airport include a 5,006-foot primary runway (Runway 17/35) equipped with medium intensity runway lighting and a full length parallel taxiway. Operations at the airport are supported by NDB and RNAV(GPS) approaches. Other services include avgas and jet fuel, aircraft storage in T-hangars, and tiedown parking. Terrell Municipal Airport is included in the National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems, making it eligible for federal Airport Improvement Program grants.

**Economic Impact of Terrell Municipal Airport (TRL)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IMPACT MEASURES</th>
<th>On-Airport Impacts</th>
<th>Capital Improvement Impacts</th>
<th>Visitor Impacts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Direct Impacts</td>
<td>12 JOBS $1.3 MILLION OUTPUT</td>
<td>5 JOBS $775,000 OUTPUT</td>
<td>8 JOBS $444,000 OUTPUT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiplier Impacts</td>
<td>22 JOBS $2.3 MILLION OUTPUT</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Impacts</td>
<td>47 JOBS $1.6 MILLION PAYROLL $4.8 MILLION OUTPUT</td>
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**Qualitative Benefits:**
Terrell Municipal Airport is home to three on-airport businesses which offer services such as FBO amenities, aircraft maintenance, and a museum. The airport hosts a sports air race in May and an airshow in September that each draw an estimated average of 2,500 attendees. With recent natural disasters in Texas, relief efforts put forth by the airport have seen great support. Medical care flights have seen great success and continued support through programs such as Angel Flights for children and Pilots N Paws for animals. The airport also works with the local Boy Scout troop to coordinate seasonal foreign object damage walks on the airfield.

The airport is home to the No. 1 British Flight Training Museum, which recognizes the history of the airport’s origin as an overseas training grounds for British pilots during World War II.

**Impacts Measures:**
- **Employment** measures the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) jobs related to airport activity including visitor-supported and on-airport construction jobs. A part-time employee counts as half of a full-time employee.
- **Payroll** measures the total annual salary, wages, and benefits paid to all workers whose livelihoods are directly attributable to airport activity.
- **Output** measures the value of goods and services related to airports in Texas. The output of on-airport businesses is typically assumed to be the sum of annual gross sales and average annual capital expenditures.