

## Item 8013

# Hot-Mix Cold-Laid Asphalt Concrete Pavement (Material Only)



### 1. DESCRIPTION

Furnish hot-mix cold-laid asphalt material composed of a compacted mixture of aggregate and asphalt material mixed hot in a mixing plant.

This Item governs mixtures designed for cold placement, defined as placement temperatures below 175°F.

### 2. MATERIALS

Furnish uncontaminated materials of uniform quality that meet the requirements of the plans and specifications.

Notify the Engineer of all material sources and before changing any material source or formulation. The Engineer will verify that the specification requirements are met when the Contractor makes a source or formulation change, and may require a new laboratory mixture design, trial batch, or both. The Engineer may sample and test project materials at any time during the project to verify specification compliance in accordance with Item 6, "Control of Materials."

- 2.1. **Aggregate.** Furnish aggregates from sources that conform to the requirements shown in Table 1 and as specified in this Section. Aggregate requirements in this Section, including those shown in Table 1, may be modified or eliminated when shown on the plans. Additional aggregate requirements may be specified when shown on the plans. Provide aggregate stockpiles that meet the definitions in this Section for coarse, intermediate, or fine aggregate. Supply aggregates that meet the definitions in [Tex-100-E](#) for crushed gravel or crushed stone. The Engineer will designate the plant or the quarry as the sampling location. Provide samples from materials produced for the project. The Engineer will establish the Surface Aggregate Classification (SAC) and perform Los Angeles abrasion, magnesium sulfate soundness, and Micro-Deval tests. Perform all other aggregate quality tests listed in Table 1. Document all test results on the mixture design report. The Engineer may perform tests on independent or split samples to verify Contractor test results. Stockpile aggregates for each source and type separately. Determine aggregate gradations for mixture design and production testing based on the washed sieve analysis given in [Tex-200-F](#), Part II.

- 2.1.1. **Coarse Aggregate.** Coarse aggregate stockpiles must have no more than 20% material passing the No. 8 sieve. Aggregates from sources listed in the Department's *Bituminous Rated Source Quality Catalog* (BRSQC) are preapproved for use. Use only the rated values for hot-mix listed in the BRSQC. Rated values for surface treatment (ST) do not apply to coarse aggregate sources used in hot-mix asphalt.

For sources not listed on the Department's BRSQC:

- build an individual stockpile for each material;
- request the Department test the stockpile for specification compliance; and
- once approved, do not add material to the stockpile unless otherwise approved.

Provide aggregate from non-listed sources only when tested by the Engineer and approved before use. Allow 30 calendar days for the Engineer to sample, test, and report results for non-listed sources.

Provide coarse aggregate with at least the minimum SAC shown on the plans. The SAC for sources on the Department's *Aggregate Quality Monitoring Program* (AQMP) ([Tex-499-A](#)) is listed in the BRSQC.

2.1.1.1. **Blending Class A and Class B Aggregates.** Class B aggregate meeting all other requirements in Table 1 may be blended with a Class A aggregate to meet requirements for Class A materials. Ensure that at least 50% by weight, or volume if required, of the material retained on the No. 4 sieve comes from the Class A aggregate source when blending Class A and B aggregates to meet a Class A requirement. Blend by volume if the bulk specific gravities of the Class A and B aggregates differ by more than 0.300.

2.1.2. **Fine Aggregate.** Fine aggregates consist of manufactured sands, screenings, and field sands. Fine aggregate stockpiles must meet the gradation requirements in Table 2. Supply fine aggregates that are free from organic impurities. The Engineer may test the fine aggregate in accordance with [Tex-408-A](#) to verify the material is free from organic impurities. No more than 15% of the total aggregate may be field sand or other uncrushed fine aggregate. Use fine aggregate, with the exception of field sand, from coarse aggregate sources that meet the requirements shown in Table 1 unless otherwise approved.

Test the stockpile if 10% or more of the stockpile is retained on the No. 4 sieve, and verify that it meets the requirements in Table 1 for crushed face count ([Tex-460-A](#)) and flat and elongated particles ([Tex-280-F](#)).

**Table 1**  
**Aggregate Quality Requirements**

Property	Test Method	Requirement
<b>Coarse Aggregate</b>		
SAC	<a href="#">Tex-499-A</a> (AQMP)	As shown on the plans
Deleterious material, %, Max	<a href="#">Tex-217-F</a> , Part I	1.5
Decantation, %, Max	<a href="#">Tex-217-F</a> , Part II	1.5
Micro-Deval abrasion, %	<a href="#">Tex-461-A</a>	Note 1
Los Angeles abrasion, %, Max	<a href="#">Tex-410-A</a>	40
Magnesium sulfate soundness, 5 cycles, %, Max	<a href="#">Tex-411-A</a>	30 <sup>2</sup>
Crushed face count, <sup>3</sup> %, Min	<a href="#">Tex-460-A</a> , Part I	85
Flat and elongated particles @ 5:1, %, Max	<a href="#">Tex-280-F</a>	10
<b>Fine Aggregate</b>		
Linear shrinkage, %, Max	<a href="#">Tex-107-E</a>	3
<b>Combined Aggregates<sup>4</sup></b>		
Sand equivalent, %, Min	<a href="#">Tex-203-F</a>	45

1. Not used for acceptance purposes. Used by the Engineer as an indicator of the need for further investigation.
2. Unless otherwise shown on the plans.
3. Only applies to crushed gravel.
4. Aggregates, without mineral filler or additives, combined as used in the job-mix formula (JMF).

**Table 2**  
**Gradation Requirements for Fine Aggregate**

Sieve Size	% Passing by Weight or Volume
3/8"	100
#8	70–100
#200	0–15

2.2. **Mineral Filler.** Mineral filler consists of finely divided mineral matter such as agricultural lime, crusher fines, hydrated lime, or fly ash. Mineral filler is allowed unless otherwise shown on the plans. Use no more than 2% hydrated lime or fly ash unless otherwise shown on the plans. The plans may require or disallow specific mineral fillers. Provide mineral filler, when used, that:

- is sufficiently dry, free-flowing, and free from clumps and foreign matter as determined by the Engineer;
- does not exceed 3% linear shrinkage when tested in accordance with [Tex-107-E](#); and
- meets the gradation requirements in Table 3.

Table 3  
Gradation Requirements for Mineral Filler

Sieve Size	% Passing by Weight or Volume
#8	100
#200	55–100

- 2.3. **Baghouse Fines.** Fines collected by the baghouse or other dust-collecting equipment may be reintroduced into the mixing drum.
- 2.4. **Binder Material.** Furnish asphalt binder, primer, additives, and water, unless otherwise shown on the plans.
- 2.4.1. **Asphalt Binder.** Provide the asphalt shown on the plans, meeting the requirements of Item 300, "Asphalts, Oils, and Emulsions."
- 2.4.2. **Primer.** Provide an approved asphalt primer consisting of a blend of asphalt cement and hydrocarbon volatiles.
- 2.4.3. **Water.** Provide water that meets the requirements of Item 204, "Sprinkling."
- 2.4.4. **Additives.** Use the type and rate of additive specified when shown on the plans. Additives that facilitate mixing or improve the quality of the mixture may be allowed when approved. Provide the Engineer with documentation such as the bill of lading showing the quantity of additives used in the project unless otherwise directed.

When lime or liquid antistripping agents is used, add in accordance with Item 301, "Asphalt Antistripping Agents." Do not add lime directly into the mixing drum of any plant where lime is removed through the exhaust stream unless the plant has a baghouse or dust collection system that reintroduces the lime back into the drum.

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### 3. EQUIPMENT

Provide machinery, tools, and equipment necessary for proper execution of the work.

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### 4. QUALITY CONTROL/QUALITY ASSURANCE

Design, produce, and transport the specified paving mixture in accordance with the requirements of this Item. Provide the mix design unless otherwise shown on the plans. The Department will perform quality assurance (QA) testing. Provide quality control (QC) testing as needed to meet the requirements of this Item.

- 4.1. **Mixture Design.**
- 4.1.1. **Design Requirements.** Use the typical weight design example given in [Tex-204-F](#), Part I to design a paving mixture that consists of a uniform mixture of aggregate, asphalt material, primer, additives, and water, if allowed, which meets the requirements shown in Tables 4 and 5, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Ensure that the mixture leaves the plant in a workable condition. Provide materials that remain workable in a stockpile for at least 6 mo.
- Submit a new mixture design at any time during the project. The Engineer must approve all mixture designs before the Contractor can begin production.
- 4.1.2. **Job-Mix Formula Approval.** The job-mix formula (JMF) is the combined aggregate gradation and target asphalt percentage used to establish target values for mixture production. JMF1 is the original laboratory mixture design used to produce the trial batch. The Engineer will verify JMF1 based on plant-produced mixture from the trial batch unless otherwise approved. The Engineer may accept an existing mixture design

previously used on a Department project and may waive the trial batch to verify JMF1. Provide the Engineer with split samples of the mixtures and blank samples used to determine the ignition oven correction factors. The Engineer will determine the aggregate and asphalt correction factors from the ignition oven using [Tex-236-F](#).

**Table 4**  
**Master Gradation Limits (% Passing by Weight or Volume) and VMA Requirements**

Sieve Size	A Coarse Base	B Fine Base	C Coarse Surface	D Fine Surface	F Fine Mixture
2"	100.0 <sup>1</sup>	–	–	–	–
1-1/2"	98.0–100.0	100.0 <sup>1</sup>	–	–	–
1"	78.0–94.0	98.0–100.0	100.0 <sup>1</sup>	–	–
3/4"	64.0–85.0	84.0–98.0	95.0–100.0	100.0 <sup>1</sup>	–
1/2"	50.0–70.0	–	–	98.0–100.0	100.0 <sup>1</sup>
3/8"	–	60.0–80.0	70.0–85.0	85.0–100.0	98.0–100.0
#4	30.0–50.0	40.0–60.0	43.0–63.0	50.0–70.0	70.0–90.0
#8	22.0–36.0	29.0–43.0	32.0–44.0	35.0–46.0	38.0–48.0
#30	8.0–23.0	13.0–28.0	14.0–28.0	15.0–29.0	12.0–27.0
#50	3.0–19.0	6.0–20.0	7.0–21.0	7.0–20.0	6.0–19.0
#200	2.0–7.0	2.0–7.0	2.0–7.0	2.0–7.0	2.0–7.0
<b>Design VMA,<sup>2</sup> % Minimum</b>					
–	12.0	13.0	14.0	15.0	16.0
<b>Production (Plant-Produced) VMA,<sup>2</sup> % Minimum</b>					
–	11.5	12.5	13.5	14.5	15.5

1. Defined as maximum sieve size. No tolerance allowed.
2. Voids in mineral aggregates.

**Table 5**  
**Laboratory Mixture Design Properties**

Property	Test Method	Requirement
Target laboratory-molded density, % <sup>1</sup>	<a href="#">Tex-207-F</a>	94.0 ± 1.5
Hveem stability, Min	<a href="#">Tex-208-F</a>	35
Hydrocarbon-volatile content, %, Max	<a href="#">Tex-213-F</a>	0.6
Moisture content, %, Max <sup>2</sup>	<a href="#">Tex-212-F</a>	1.0
Boil test, %, Max <sup>3</sup>	<a href="#">Tex-530-C</a>	10

1. Unless otherwise shown on the plans.
2. Unless otherwise approved.
3. Limit may be increased or eliminated when approved.

- 4.2. **Production Operations.** Perform a new trial batch when the plant or plant location is changed. Take corrective action and obtain approval to proceed after any production suspension for noncompliance to the specification.
- 4.2.1. **Stockpiling of Aggregates.** Provide a smooth and well-drained area, cleared of trash, weeds, and grass. Build stockpiles in a manner that will minimize aggregate degradation and segregation. Avoid contamination and mixing of stockpiles. Provide aggregate stockpiles for a minimum of 2 days' production before beginning plant operations. Maintain at least a 2-day aggregate supply through the course of the contract unless otherwise directed. Stockpile aggregate for each source and type separately. The Engineer may reject stockpiled materials that come in contact with the earth or other objectionable material.
- 4.2.2. **Storage and Heating of Asphalt Materials.** Provide enough asphalt material storage capacity to meet the requirements of the plant. Do not heat the asphalt binder above the temperatures specified in Item 300, "Asphalts, Oils, and Emulsions," or outside the manufacturer's recommended values. Keep all equipment used in the storage and handling of asphalt material clean at all times and operate the equipment in a manner that will prevent contamination with foreign matter.
- 4.2.3. **Storage of the Asphalt Mixture.** Store the asphalt mixture in a surge-storage system or in a stockpile. Provide a smooth and well-drained area, cleared of trash, weeds, and grass if the asphalt mixture is stored in

a stockpile. Build stockpiles in a manner that will minimize aggregate degradation and segregation. Avoid contamination and mixing of stockpiles.

- 4.2.4. **Mixing and Discharge of Materials.** Produce the mixture at a discharge temperature between 145°F and 275°F, as directed. Do not allow the temperature to vary from the selected temperature by more than 25°F. The Department will not pay for or allow placement of any mixture produced above 300°F.
- 4.2.5. **Moisture Content.** Furnish the mixture at a moisture content of no more than 1% by weight when discharged from the mixer, unless otherwise shown on the plans or approved. Cease operations at moisture contents above 1% until corrective actions reduce moisture content.
- 4.3. **Hauling Operations.** Clean all truck beds before use to ensure mixture is not contaminated. Use a release agent on the Department's MPL to coat truck beds when a release agent is necessary.
- 4.4. **Production Testing and Operational Tolerances.** The aggregate gradation and the asphalt binder content of the produced mixture must not vary from the JMF by more than the percentage point tolerances shown in Table 6. The gradation of the produced mixture may fall outside the master grading limits for any of the sieve sizes from the 1-1/2 in. through the No. 50 sieve if it is within the JMF tolerances. The aggregate gradation of the No. 200 sieve may not exceed the master gradations shown in Table 4. Any sieve size shown in Table 4 with 100% passing requirements will be allowed a 2% tolerance before the material is considered out of specification.

The Engineer may allow alternate methods for determining the asphalt content and aggregate gradation if the aggregate mineralogy is such that [Tex-236-F](#) does not yield reliable results. Provide evidence to the Engineer that results from [Tex-236-F](#) are not reliable before an alternate method will be allowed. Use the applicable test procedure as directed if an alternate test method is allowed.

Cease production if 3 consecutive tests indicate that the material produced exceeds the tolerances shown in Table 6 for any individual sieve or laboratory-molded density until corrective actions are taken and the results approved. Cease production if 2 consecutive tests indicate that the asphalt binder content tolerances shown in Table 6 are exceeded until corrective actions are taken and the results approved.

Cease production if the Hveem stability shown in Table 5 is not met for 3 consecutive tests until corrective actions are taken and the results approved.

Table 6  
Operational Tolerances

Property	Test Method	Operational Tolerance From JMF
Individual % retained for sieve sizes smaller than 1-1/2" and larger than #8	<a href="#">Tex-200-F</a>	±5.0
Individual % retained for sieve sizes smaller than #8		±3.0
Asphalt binder content, %	<a href="#">Tex-236-F</a>	±0.3
Laboratory-molded density, %	<a href="#">Tex-207-F</a>	±1.0

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## 5. MEASUREMENT

Hot-Mix Cold Laid Asphalt will be measured by the ton of composite asphalt concrete mixture, which includes asphalt, aggregate, and additives. Measure the weight on scales in accordance with Item 520, "Weighing and Measuring Equipment."

For mixture produced by a weigh-batch plant or a modified weigh-batch plant, measurement will be determined on the batch scales unless surge-storage or stockpiling is used. Keep records of the number of batches, batch design, and the weight of the composite asphalt concrete mixture. The composite asphalt

concrete mixture is defined as the asphalt, primer, aggregate, additives, and any residual moisture that is not designated to be deducted. Where surge-storage or stockpiling is used, measurement of the material taken from the surge-storage bin or stockpile will be made on truck scales or suspended hopper scales.

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**6. PAYMENT**

The materials furnished in accordance with this Item and measured as provided under "Measurement," will be paid for at the unit price bid for the types shown below.

- 6.1. **Hot-Mix Cold Laid Asphalt (Site Delivery).** Payment will be made for the mixture type, SAC, and binder specified. This price is full compensation for furnishing materials, assistance provided in sampling, loading, hauling, delivery of materials, furnishing scales and labor for weighing and measuring, and equipment, labor, tools, and incidentals. If bid codes in the estimate indicate location numbers, each location will be shown in the plans.
- 6.2. **Hot-Mix Cold Laid Asphalt (Vehicle Pickup).** Payment will be made for the mixture type, SAC, and grade specified. This price is full compensation for furnishing materials, assistance provided in sampling, loading, furnishing scales and labor for weighing and measuring, and equipment, labor, tools, and incidentals.

Trial batches will not be paid for unless approved by the Department.